Serial No.: 10/065,624

Confirmation No.: 4218

Attorney Docket No.: 0173.019.PCUS00

CLAIMS LISTING:

1. – 35. (Cancelled)

36. (Currently Amended) A method of reducing an amount of oxide of nitrogen (NO_x

compound) in an exhaust gas flow of a combustion engine which is adapted for operation by a

lean air/fuel mixture, said method comprising steps of:

feeding the exhaust gas flow from the engine into an exhaust gas operated turbine of a

turbo-aggregate to a separation unit;

separating in the separation unit a gas component from the exhaust gas flow, said gas

component being constituted by an oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound) or water present in the

exhaust gas flow, in a wall structure comprising a porous material which provides a selective

passage of the gas component through the wall structure before other gas components in the

exhaust gas flow based on molecular size and molecular form;

returning the separated gas component to an inlet of the engine via a conduit and

compressing the separated gas component from the conduit in a compressor of the turbo-

aggregate, said gas component including fresh air as a carrier gas for the gas component; and

detecting an amount of the oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound) in the exhaust gas flow for

controlling the amount of the oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound) present in the exhaust gas flow,

and

wherein the method includes an additional step of supplying a reducing agent to an inlet

of the separation unit for a catalytic reduction of the gas component in the wall structure by the

reducing agent.

37. (Canceled)

38. (Canceled)

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39. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in <u>claim 36</u> elaim 38, wherein the method further comprises a step of diagnosing a function regarding reduction of the oxide of nitrogen.

40. (Canceled)

- 41. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in <u>claim 36</u> elaim 40, further comprising supplying the reducing agent from a tank forming a part of the engine and being intended for a regular fuel of the engine, and wherein the reducing agent is taken from the fuel.
- 42. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 41, including a step of feeding the reducing agent through the separation unit in essentially a counter-current flow in relation the exhaust gas flow.
 - 43. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 42, including steps of:

feeding back a portion of the reducing agent which has not reacted with the gas component from the separation unit; and

returning the portion of the reducing agent to the inlet of the engine.

- 44. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein the step of feeding back a portion of the reducing agent which has not reacted with the gas component from the separation unit includes feeding in fresh air as a carrier gas for the reducing agent.
- 45. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, including a step of supplying the reducing gas to the separation unit essentially continuously during lean operation of the engine.
- 46. (Currently Amended) A device for reducing an amount of oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound)in an exhaust gas flow of a combustion engine which is adapted for operation by a lean air/fuel mixture, said device including:

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a separation unit operable to be fed an exhaust gas flow from the engine, said separation

unit comprising a wall structure for separating the gas component from the exhaust gas flow, said

gas component being constituted by an oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound) or water present in

the exhaust gas flow, said wall structure comprising a porous material which provides a selective

passage of the gas component through the wall structure before other gas components in the

exhaust gas flow based on molecular size and molecular form;

a conduit for returning the separated gas component to an inlet of the engine, said gas

component including fresh air as a carrier gas for the gas component; and

a detector for detecting an amount of the oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound) in the

exhaust gas flow for controlling the amount of the oxide of nitrogen (NO_x compound) present in

the exhaust gas flow,

wherein the combustion engine includes a turbo-aggregate comprising an exhaust gas

operated turbine and a compressor for compressing air for feeding into the engine, characterized

in that the conduit is connected upstream of the compressor, said device being operable to supply

a reducing agent to an inlet of the separation unit for resulting in a catalytic reduction of the gas

component in the wall structure by using the reducing agent.

47.-48. (Canceled)

49. (Currently Amended) A device as claimed in claim 46 elaim 48, said device being

operable to diagnose a function regarding reduction of the oxide of nitrogen.

50. (Canceled)

51. (Currently Amended) A device as claimed in claim 46 claim 50, wherein the

reducing agent is supplied from a tank forming a part of the engine and being intended for a

regular fuel of the engine, and wherein the reducing agent is taken from the fuel.

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52. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 51, said device being operable

to feed the reducing agent through the separation unit in an essentially counter-current flow in

relation the exhaust gas flow.

53. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 52, wherein the conduit is

configured to feed back a portion of the reducing agent which has not reacted with the gas

component from the separation unit and return the portion of the reducing agent to the inlet of

the engine.

54. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 53, having an inlet configured to

supply fresh air as a carrier gas for the reducing agent.

55. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 54, said device being operable

to supply the reducing gas to the separation unit essentially continuously during lean operation of

the engine.

56.-59. (Canceled)

60. (New) A method of reducing an amount of oxide of nitrogen (NOx compound)

in an exhaust gas flow of a combustion engine which is adapted for operation by a lean

air/fuel mixture, said method comprising steps of:

feeding the exhaust gas flow from the engine to a separation unit;

separating in the separation unit a gas component from the exhaust gas flow, said

gas component being constituted by an oxide of nitrogen (NOx compound) or water

present in the exhaust gas flow, in a wall structure comprising a porous material which

provides a selective passage of the gas component through the wall structure before other

gas components in the exhaust gas flow based on molecular size and molecular form;

returning the separated gas component to an inlet of the engine via a conduit, said

gas component including fresh air as a carrier gas for the gas component; and

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detecting an amount of the oxide of nitrogen (NOx compound) in the exhaust gas flow for controlling the amount of the oxide of nitrogen (NOx compound) present in the exhaust gas flow.